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10/5/7,294 Parines

NEWS NEWS			Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS	3	FEB 27	New STN AnaVist pricing effective March 1, 2006
NEWS	4	MAY 10	
NEWS	5	MAY 11	
NEWS	ú	MAY 19	
NEWS	~7	MAY 30	IPC 8 Rolled-up Core codes added to CA/CAplus and
			USPATFULL/USPAT2
NEWS	8	MAY 30	The F-Term thesaurus is now available in CA/CAplus
NEWS	9	JUN 02	
			INPADOC
NEWS	10	JUN 26	TULSA/TULSA2 reloaded and enhanced with new search and
			and display fields
NEWS	11	JUN 28	Price changes in full-text patent databases EPFULL and PCTFULL
NEWS	12	JUl 11	
NEWS	13	JUl 14	FSTA enhanced with Japanese patents
		JUl 19	
NEWS	15	AUG 09	

CA(SM)/CAplus(SM) Austrian patent law changes

CA/CAplus enhanced with more pre-1907 records

CA/CAplus fields enhanced with simultaneous left and right

Welcome to STN International

NEWS EXPRESS JUNE 30 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.01b, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 26 JUNE 2006.

ADISCTI Reloaded and Enhanced

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Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:10:16 ON 25 SEP 2006

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=> FILE REG

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NEWS 16 AUG 28

AUG 30

SEP 11

SEP 21

NEWS 17

NEWS 18

NEWS 19

ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

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=> Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\517,294-R1-STR-Olsen et al.str

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> D L1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> S L1 SSS SAM

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 13:11:19 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 30 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED

30 ITERATIONS

17 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS:

272 TO 928

PROJECTED ANSWERS:

93 TO 587

L2

17 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> D SCAN

L2 17 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

IN  $\beta$ -Alanine, N-[2-amino-9-(2-C-methyl- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl)-9H-purin-6-yl]-, methyl ester (9CI)

MF C15 H22 N6 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.

### \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):N

=> S L1 SSS FULL

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 13:11:56 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 557 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED

557 ITERATIONS

296 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3

296 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> FILE CAPLUS

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

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FULL ESTIMATED COST

ENTRY SESSION 167.82 168.03

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:12:15 ON 25 SEP 2006
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:10:34 ON 25 SEP 2006

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 17 S L1 SSS SAM L3 296 S L1 SSS FULL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:12:15 ON 25 SEP 2006

=> S L1

REG1stRY INITIATED

Substance data SEARCH and crossover from CAS REGISTRY in progress... Use DISPLAY HITSTR (or FHITSTR) to directly view retrieved structures.

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 13:12:36 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 30 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 30 ITERATIONS

17 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 272 TO 928 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 93 TO 587

L4 17 SEA SSS SAM L1

L5 20 L4

=> S L3

L6 98 L3

=> D L5 ed ibib abs hitstr 1-20

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 20 Apr 2006

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:357151 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:46235

TITLE: Efficient Synthesis of 2'-C-β-Methylguanosine

AUTHOR(S): Li, Nan-Sheng; Piccirilli, Joseph A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Howard Hughes Medical Institute, Department of

Biochemistry Molecular Biology and Department of Chemistry, The University of Chicago, Chicago, IL,

60637, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry /(2006) / 71(10), 4018-4020

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 145:46235

AB 2'- $\beta$ -Me nucleosides have potential value as therapeutic agents and as nucleoside analogs for exploring RNA biol. Here we develop a strategy for efficient synthesis for 2'-C- $\beta$ -methylguanosine (3). Starting from 1,2,3,5-tetra-0-benzoyl-2-C- $\beta$ -methyl-D-ribofuranose (1) and N2-acetylguanine, we obtained the title compound in two steps (78% overall yield) with high stereoselectivity ( $\beta/\alpha > 99:1$ ) and high regioselectivity (N9/N7 > 99:1). Extension of this strategy to the classic synthesis of guanosine also resulted in high stereoselectivity ( $\beta/\alpha = 99:1$ ) and improved regioselectivity (N9/N7 = 97:3).

IT 890131-90-5P

for Mus

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis of 2'-C- $\beta$ -methylquanosine via stereoselective and regioselective coupling reaction of N2-acetylguanine with 2-C-β-methyl-D-ribofuranose)

890131-90-5 CAPLUS RN

Guanosine, N-acetyl-2'-C-methyl-, 2',3',5'-tribenzoate (9CI) CN(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 2 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN EDEntered STN: (11 Mar 2005 How new ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:216597 **daplus** 142:291323

PCT Int. Appl., 217 pp.

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

Compositions and methods for the treatment of severe

acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) Hardee, Greg; Dellamary, Luis Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

INVENTOR (S):

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	TENT	NO.			KIN	D :	DATE			APPL	ICAT		DATE				
	2005				A2 A3		 2005 2005		,	WO 2	004-	US16	196		2	0040	521
	W:	AE, CN, GE, LK, NO, TJ, BW, AZ, EE, SI,	AG, CO, GH, LR, NZ, TM, GH, BY, ES, SK,	AL, CR, GM, LS, OM, TN, GM, KG, FI, TR,	AM, CU, HR, LT, PG, TR,	AT, CZ, HU, LU, PH, TT, LS, MD, GB,	AU, DE, ID, LV, PL, TZ, MW, RU, GR,	AZ, DK, IL, MA, PT, UA, MZ, TJ,	DM, IN, MD, RO, UG, NA, TM, IE,	DZ, IS, MG, RU, US, SD, AT, IT,	EC, JP, MK, SC, UZ, SL, BE, LU,	EE, KE, MN, SD, VC, SZ, BG, MC,	EG, KG, MW, SE, VN, TZ, CH, NL,	ES; KP, MX, SG, YU, UG, CY, PL,	FI, KR, MZ, SK, ZA, ZM, CZ, PT,	GB, KZ, NA, SL, ZM, ZW, DE, RO,	GD, LC, NI, SY, ZW AM, DK, SE,
		2N,	TD,	16													

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2003-472774P P 20030521 The invention provides compns. and methods for treating a coronavirus infection, especially a SARS CoV infection. The compns. comprise an antiviral nucleoside or mimetic thereof, or an antiviral antisense agent, in a form suitable for pulmonary or nasal delivery. The methods comprise administration to a patient in need thereof the effective amount of an antiviral composition by pulmonary or nasal instillation.

IT 109923-62-8 374750-29-5

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL

(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(compns. and methods for treatment of severe acute respiratory

syndrome)

RN109923-62-8 CAPLUS

9H-Purin-6-amine, 9-(3-deoxy-2-C-methyl-β-D-threo-pentofuranosyl)-CN ·

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 374750-29-5 CAPLUS

Guanosine 5'-(tetrahydrogen triphosphate), 2'-C-methyl- (9CI) CN NAME)

## Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Entered STN: 22 Feb 2005

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:150037 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:348134

TITLE:

Synthesis, conformational analysis, and biological activity of new analogues of thiazole-4-carboxamide

adenine dinucleotide (TAD) as IMP dehydrogena/se

inhibitors

AUTHOR (S): Franchetti, Palmarisa; Cappellacci, Loredana;

Pasqualini, Michela; Petrelli, Riccardo; Ja/yaprakasan,

Floo Ward

Vetrichelvan; Jayaram, Hiremagalur N.; Boyd, Donald

B.; Jain, Manojkumar D.; Grifantini, Mariø CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dipartimento di Scienze Chimiche, Universita di

Camerino, Camerino, 62032, Italy

SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry 1/2008

2045-2053

CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

English

Journal LANGUAGE:

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:348134

Thiazole-4-carboxamide adenine dinucleotide (TAD) analogs T-2'-MeAD (1) and T-3'-MeAD (2) containing, resp., a Me group at the ribose 2'-C-, and 3'-C-position of the adenosine moiety, were prepared as potential selective human inosine monophosphate dehydrogenase (IMPDH) type II inhibitors. The synthesis of heterodinucleotides was carried out by CDI-catalyzed coupling reaction of unprotected 2'-C-methyl- or 3'-C-methyl-AMP with 2',3'-O-isopropylidene-tiazofurin 5'-monophosphate, and then deisopropylidenation. Biol. evaluation of dinucleotides 1 and 2 as inhibitors of recombinant human IMPDH type I and type II resulted in a qood activity. Inhibition of both isoenzymes by T-2'-MeAD and T-3'-MeAD was noncompetitive with respect to NAD substrate. Binding of T-3'-MeAD was comparable to that of parent compound TAD, while T-2'-MeAD proved to be a weaker inhibitor. However, no significant difference was found in inhibition of the IMPDH isoenzymes. T-2'-MeAD and T-3'-MeAD were found to inhibit the growth of K562 cells (IC50 30.7 and 65.0 μM, resp.). IT 867258-93-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis, conformational anal., and biol. activity of new analogs of thiazole-4-carboxamide adenine dinucleotide (TAD) as IMP dehydrogenase inhibitors)

RN 867258-93-3 CAPLUS

CN Adenosine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate), 2'-C-methyl-, P' $\rightarrow$ 5'-ester with 2-[2,3-O-(1-methylethylidene)- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl]-4-thiazolecarboxamide, diammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

●2 NH3

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 28 Jan 2005

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:74688 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:336573

TITLE: Synthesis of  $9-(2-\beta-C-methyl-\beta-D-$ 

ribofuranosyl)-6-substituted purine derivatives as

inhibitors of HCV RNA replication

AUTHOR(S): Ding, Yili; Girardet, Jean-Luc; Hong, Zhi; Lai, Vicky

C. H.; An, Haoyun; Koh, Yung-hyo; Shaw, Stephanie Z.;

Zhong, Weidong

CORPORATE SOURCE: Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Costa Mesa, CA,

92626, USA

SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2005),

15(3), 709-713

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

LANGUAGE: English

AB A series of 9-(2'-β-C-methyl-β-D-ribofuranosyl)-6-substituted purine derivs. were synthesized as potential inhibitors of HCV RNA replication. Their inhibitory activities in a cell based HCV replicon assay were reported. A prodrug approach was used to further improve the potency of these compds. by increasing the intracellular levels of

5'-monophosphate metabolites. These nucleotide prodrugs showed much improved inhibitory activities of HCV RNA replication.

IT 565435-07-6P 565435-09-8P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis of 9-(2- $\beta$ -C-methyl- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl)-6-

substituted purine derivs. as inhibitors of HCV RNA replication)

RN 565435-07-6 CAPLUS

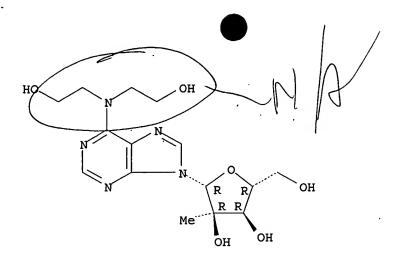
CN Adenosine, N-[(2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)methyl]-2'-C-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 565435-09-8 CAPLUS

CN Adenosine, N, N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-2'-C-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT:

13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 5 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L5

ED Entered STN: 18 Oct 2004

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:848340 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:226

A 7-deaza-adenosine analog is a potent and selective TITLE:

inhibitor of hepatitis C virus replication with

excellent pharmacokinetic properties

AUTHOR (S): Olsen, David B.; Eldrup, Anne B.; Bartholomew, Linda;

Bhat, Balkrishen; Bosserman, Michele R.; Ceccacci, Alessandra; Colwell, Lawrence F.; Fay, John F.; Flores, Osvaldo A.; Getty, Krista L.; Grobler, Jay A.;

LaFemina, Robert L.; Markel, Eric J.; Migliaccio,

Giovanni; Prhavc, Marija; Stahlhut, Mark W.;

Tomassini, Joanne E.; MacCoss, Malcolm; Hazuda, Daria

J.; Carroll, Steven S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biological Chemistry, Merck Research

Laboratories, West Point, PA, USA

SOURCE: Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy (2004), 48(10),

3944-3953

CODEN: AMACCQ; ISSN: 0066-4804 American Society for Microbiology

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

Improved treatments for chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection are needed due to the suboptimal response rates and deleterious side effects associated with current treatment options. The triphosphates of 2'-C-methyl-adenosine and 2'-C-methyl-guanosine were previously shown to be potent inhibitors of the HCV RNA-dependent RNA polymerase (RdRp) that is responsible for the replication of viral RNA in cells. Here we demonstrate that the inclusion of a 7-deaza modification in a series of purine nucleoside triphosphates results in an increase in inhibitory potency against the HCV RdRp and improved pharmacokinetic properties. Notably, incorporation of the 7-deaza modification into 2'-C-methyl-adenosine results in an inhibitor with a 20-fold-increased potency as the 5'-triphosphate in HCV RdRp assays while maintaining the inhibitory potency of the nucleoside in the bicistronic HCV replicon and with reduced cellular toxicity. In contrast, while 7-deaza-2'-C-methyl-GTP also displays enhanced inhibitory potency in enzyme assays, due to poor cellular penetration and/or metabolism, the nucleoside does not inhibit replication of a bicistronic HCV replicon in cell culture. 7-Deaza-2'-C-methyl-adenosine displays promising in vivo pharmacokinetics in three animal species, as well as an acute oral LD in excess of 2,000 mg/kg of body weight in mice. Taken together, these data demonstrate that 7-deaza-2'-C-methyl-adenosine is an attractive candidate for further

investigation as a potential treatment for HCV infection.

374750-29-5

IT

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL

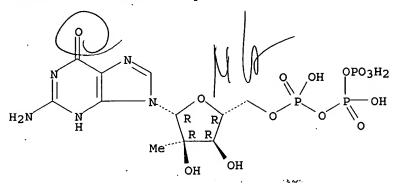
(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(a 7-deaza-adenosine analog is a potent and selective inhibitor of hepatitis C virus replication with excellent pharmacokinetic properties)

RN 374750-29-5 CAPLUS

CN Guanosine 5'-(tetrahydrogen triphosphate), 2'-C-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

### Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 06 Aug 2004

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:633938 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:157387

TITLE: Synthesis and use of 2'-substituted-N6-modified

nucleosides as antiviral agents

INVENTOR(S): An, Haoyun; Ramasamy, Kanda; Shaw, Stephanie

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ribapharm Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

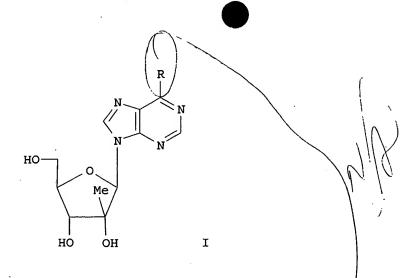
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT	NO.		KIN	D	DATE			APPL	TCAT		DATE				
					_									_		
	WO 2004	065398		A2		2004	0805		WO 2	004-	•	20040115				
	WO 2004	065398		A3		20050303										
	W:	AE, AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN, CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE, GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,
		LK, LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI
	US 2006	135465		A1		2006	0622		US 2	006-		20060123				
PR:	CORITY APP	LN. INFO	. :						US 2	003-	4406	66P		P 2	0030	115
									WO 2	004-	US11	25		W 2	0040	115
OTI GI	HER SOURCE	(S):	CAS	REAC	T 14	1:15	7387	; MA	RPAT	141	:157	387		•		



An improved method of preparing a sugar modified nucleoside analog I, wherein R is selected from the group consisting of NH2NH2, N(CH3)NH2, N(CH3)NH2, N(CH3)NH2, N(CH3)OH, NHOH, NHOCH3) NHOCH2CH3, NHN(CH3)2, N(CH3)NHCH3, NHNHCH3, NHNHCH3, and NHNHCOOCH3, includes a protocol in which a hydroxy group of a sugar is selectively deprotected and oxidized prior to nucleophilic modification of the corresponding carbonyl group. The modified sugar is then coupled to a heterocyclic base that is modified with a dual nucleophilic reagent in a further step that provides N6-modified adenosine analogs with high stereoselectivity. Contemplated antiviral and immunomodulatory activities of title nucleosides are reported (no data). Thus, I [R = N(Me)NH2] was prepared from 2-iodo-benzoic acid via stereoselective glycosylation with 6-chloropurine.

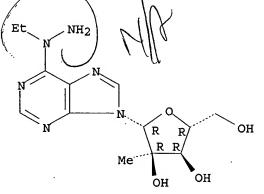
IT 728022-78-4P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis and use of 2'-substituted-N6-modified nucleosides as antiviral agents via stereoselective glycosylation)

RN 728022-78-4 CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.



L5 ANSWER 7 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

140:70987

ED Entered STN: 11 Jan 2004

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:20801 CAPLUS.

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

Nucleoside derivatives as inhibitors of RNA-dependent

RNA viral polymerase

INVENTOR(S): Olsen, David B.; Maccoss, Malcolm; Bhat, Balkrishen;

Eldrup, Anne B.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck & Co., Inc., USA; Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 2004003.139 A2 20040108 WO 2003-US19776 20030623 Wa Att AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG CA 2488484 AA 20040108 CA 2003-2488484 20030623 AU 2003269892 **A1** 20040119 AU 2003-269892 20030623 20050914 EP 2003-751779 EP 1572945 A2 .: 20030623 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK JP 2006512288 T2 20060413 JP 2004-517749 20030623 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-392438P 20020627 WO 2003-XS19778 20030623 SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:70987

The invention provides nucleoside compds. and certain derivs. thereof OTHER SOURCE(S): AB which are inhibitors of RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase. These compds. are inhibitors of RNA-dependent RNA viral replication and are useful for the treatment of RNA-dependent RNA viral infection. They are particularly useful as inhibitors of hepatitis C virus (HCV) NS5B polymerase, as inhibitors of HCV replication, and/or for the treatment of hepatitis C infection. The invention also describes pharmaceutical compns. containing such nucleoside compds. alone or in combination with other agents active against RNA-dependent RNA viral infection, in particular HCV infection. Also disclosed are methods of inhibiting RNA-dependent RNA polymerase, inhibiting RNA-dependent RNA viral replication, and/or treating RNA-dependent RNA viral infection with the nucleoside compds. of the invention. Preparation of nucleoside derivs. is included. IT 641571-39-3P RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (nucleoside derivs. as inhibitors of RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase) RN641571-39-3 CAPLUS β-Alanine, N-[2-amino-9-(2-C-methyl-β-D-ribofuranosyl)-9H-purin-CN6-yl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CODEN: PIXXD2

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 8 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Entered STN: 02 Jan 2004 ED

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:2898 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:42424

TITLE:

Preparation of nucleoside derivatives as inhibitors of

INVENTOR(S):

RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase Carroll Steven S.; Olsen David B.; Durette, Philippe L. Bhat, Balkrishen, Dande, Prasad; Eldrup, Anne B.

Merck & Co., Inc., USA; Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	CENT 1	10.			KIND DATE					APPL	ICAT:		DATE						
	WO	20040	0008	58		A2	_	2003	1231		WO 2	003-1	JS19:	172		2	0030	517		
	WO	20040	0008	58		<b>A3</b>		2005	0512											
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AB The present invention provides nucleoside compds. I, wherein B is nucleobase; R1 is fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl; R2 is H, F, amino, OH, SH, alkoxy, alkylcarbonyloxy, alkyl; R3 and R4 are independently H, Cn, N3, halogen, OH, SH, amino, alkoxy, alkylcarconyloxy, alkenyl, alkynyl; R5 is H, alkylcarbonyl, P3O9H4, P2O6H3, phosphophonyl; R6 and R7 independently H, Me, hydroxymethyl, fluoromethyl; and certain derivs. thereof which are inhibitors of RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase. These compds. are inhibitors of RNA-dependent RNA viral replication and are useful for the treatment of RNA-dependent RNA viral infection. They are particularly useful as inhibitors of hepatitis C virus (HCV) NS5B polymerase, as inhibitors of HCV replication, and/or for the treatment of hepatitis C infection. The invention also describes pharmaceutical compns. containing such nucleoside compds. alone or in combination with other agents active against RNA-dependent RNA viral infection, in particular HCV infection. Also disclosed are methods of inhibiting RNA-dependent RNA polymerase, inhibiting RNA-dependent RNA viral replication, and/or treating RNA-dependent RNA viral infection with the nucleoside compds. of the present invention. Thus, 2-amino-9-(2-C-fluoromethyl-β-D-ribofuranosyl)-3,9-dihydropurin-6-one was prepared and tested as inhibitor of RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase. Title compds. tested in the HCV NS5B polymerase assay exhibited IC50's less than 100 µmol.

IT 636581-99-2P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of nucleoside derivs. as inhibitors of RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase)

RN 636581-99-2 CAPLUS

CN Adenosine 5'-(tetrahydrogen triphosphate), 2-amino-2'-C-(fluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

### Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 14 Nov 2003

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:892793 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:365176

hepatitis C virus infection INVENTOR(S): Roberts, Christopher Don; Dyatkina, Natalia B.; Keicher, Jesse D.; Liehr, Sebastian Johannes Reinhard; Hanson, Eric Jason PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Genelabs Technologies, Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 182 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO KÍND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_ \_ \_ \_ -----WO 2003093298 A2 20031113 WO 2003-US14237 20030506 WO 2003093290 **A3** 20040318 WO 200<del>3093</del>290 C1 20050519 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG CA 2484921 AA 20031113 CA 2003-2484921 20030506 AU 2003232061 A1 20031117 AU 2003-232071 20030506 US 2004063658 **A1** 20040401 US 2003-431631 20030506 1501850 A2 20050202 EP 2003-747674 20030506 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK BR 2003009581 Α 20050329 BR 2003-9581 20030506 CN 1653077 Α 20050810 CN 2003-810239 20030506 JP 2004-501429 JP 2005530759 T2 20051013 20030506 NO 2004-5247 NO 2004005247 20041130 Α 20041130 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-378624P Р 20020506 US 2002-392871P Р 20020628 WO 2003-US14237 W 20030506 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:365176

Preparation of nucleoside derivatives for treating

GI

TITLE:

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 $\mathbb{R}^2$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^2$ 

AB Nucleosides I-III, wherein R and R1 are independently H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, provided that R and R1 are not both H; R2 is alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, acylamino, guanidino, amidino, thioacylamino, OH, alkoxy, halo, nitro, aryl, heteroaryl, substituted amine; W is H, phosphate, phosphonate, acyl, alkyl, sulfonate, lipid, amino acid, sugar residue, peptide, cholesterol; X is H, halo, alkyl, substituted amine; Y is H, halo, OH, alkylthio, substituted amine; Z is H, halo, OH, alkyl, substituted amine; T is nucleobase, were prepared as HCV RNA polymerase inhibitors and for treating hepatitis C virus infections. Thus, 2-(4-amino-pyrrolo[3,2-c]pyridin-1-yl)-5-hydroxymethyl-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3,4-diol was prepared for treating hepatitis C virus infections (no data). Different kind of formulation such as tablet, capsule, suspension, injectable, and suppository formulation are reported. IT 622380-71-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of nucleoside derivs. for treating hepatitis C virus infection) 622380-71-6 CAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 2.'-C-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN

ANSWER 10 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ED Entered STN: 01 Aug 2003 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:591196 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:133790 TITLE: Preparation of 2'-β-modified-6-substituted adenosine analogs and their use as antiviral agents INVENTOR (S): An, Haoyun; Ding, Yili; Shaw, Stephanie; Hong, Zhi Ribapharm Inc., USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. RYND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 2/003062256 20030731 **A1** WO 2002-US34026 20021023 AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CQ/CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 2006183706 20060817 **A1** US 2006-530627 20060227 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-350296P 20020117 WO 2002-US34026 20021023 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:133790

Ι

GI

Various 2'-beta-methyl-6-substituted adenosine analogs I in which Z is selected from the group consisting of an alkyl, an O-alkyl, an alkenyl, an alkynyl, and CN, wherein the alkyl, the alkenyl, or the alkynyl is optionally substituted with a halogen or OH; A is CH or N, and E is C-R6 or N, such that (1) when A is CH then E is C-R6 or N, and (2) when A is N then E is CH; X is NR1R2, NR2NR3R4, NR2N=NR3, NR2N=CHR3, NR2N=O, NR2C(=O)NR3R4, NR2C(=S)NR3R4, NR2C(=NH)NR3R4, NR1C(=O)NR2NR3R4, NR2OR3, ONHC(O)O-alkyl, ONHC(O)O-aryl, ONR3R4, SNR1R2, SONR1R2, or S(O)2NR1R2; wherein R1-R4 are independently H, alkyl, substituted alkyl, O-alkyl, cyclic alkyl, heterocyclic alkyl, alkoxy, alkaryl, aryl, heterocyclic

aryl, substituted aryl, acyl, substituted acyl, S(0)2-alkyl, NO, NH2, or OH; and R6 is H, NH2, halogen, N3, NHR1, NHCOR1 NR1R2, NHSO2R1, NHCONHR1, NHCSNHR1, CH2NHR1, CHR1NHR2, NHNH2, CN, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, CH2-aryl, CH2-heterocycle, halogen, OH, or SH; are prepared by conventional and combinatorial library approaches. Contemplated compds. are particularly useful as therapeutic agents, and especially as antiviral agents. Thus, N6-[3-(methylthio)phenyl]-9H-(2'- $\beta$ -C-methyl- $\beta$ -D-

ribofuranosyl) adenine was prepared and tested in vitro as antiviral agent against influenza virus A, bovine viral diarrhea virus, Hepatitis B virus, HIV-1 virus and human Rhinovirus.

IT 565435-07-6P

RL: CPN (Combinatorial preparation); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); CMBI (Combinatorial study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of  $2'-\beta$ -modified-6-substituted adenosine analogs and their use as antiviral agents)

RN 565435-07-6 CAPLUS

CN Adenosine, N-[(2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)methyl]-2'-C-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 565435-09-8

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(preparation of 2'- $\beta$ -modified-6-substituted adenosine analogs and their use as antiviral agents)

RN 565435-09-8 CAPLUS

CN Adenosine, N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-2'-C-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 11 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L5

ED Entered STN: Oct 2002

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:799278 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:21277

Synthesis of Nucleotide Analogues That Potently and TITLE:

Selectively Inhibit Human DNA Primase

Moore, Chad L.; Chiaramonte, Molly; Higgins, Tamara; AUTHOR (S):

Kuchta, Robert D.

Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University CORPORATE SOURCE:

of Colorado, Boulder, CO, 80309, USA

Biochemistry (2002), 41(47), 14066-14075 SOURCE:

CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960

American Chemical Society PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:21277

DNA primase synthesizes short RNA oligonucleotides that DNA polymerase  $\alpha$  further elongates in order to initiate the synthesis of all new DNA strands during eukaryotic DNA replication. To develop potent and specific primase inhibitors, we combined 2'-modified sugars with bases incapable of normal Watson-Crick hydrogen bonding. The presence of a 2'-hydroxyl in either the ara or ribo configuration greatly enhances the ability of primase to polymerize a nucleotide. Further modifying the 2'-position by including both a hydroxyl and Me group at this position greatly reduced the ability of primase to polymerize the resulting nucleotides. Replacing the base of the NTP with analogs incapable of normal Watson-Crick hydrogen bonding (benzimidazole, nitrobenzimidazole, and dichlorobenzimidazole) resulted in compds. that inhibited primase quite well and with similar potency. We synthesized arabinofuranosylbenzimidazole triphosphate (araBTP) and found that this sugar change increased inhibition by 2-4-fold relative to the ribofuranosyl analog. AraBTP inhibited polymerization of both purines and pyrimidines, although primase polymerized only small amts. of the compound Interestingly, even though araBTP was not readily polymerized by primase, it inhibited primase almost as potently as araATP, a compound that primase polymerizes extremely rapidly and that results in very strong chain termination. Importantly, this compound was a very weak inhibitor of and only slowly polymerized by DNA polymerase  $\alpha$ , indicating that it is a specific primase inhibitor. The potential utility and mechanistic implications of these inhibitors are discussed.

IT 478314-73-7P

> RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis of nucleotide analogs that potently and selectively inhibit human DNA primase but had minimal effect on DNA polymerase  $\alpha$ activity)

478314-73-7 RN **CAPLUS**  CN Inosine 5'-(tetrahydrogen triphosphate), 2'-C-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 495384-92-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis of nucleotide analogs that potently and selectively inhibit human DNA primase but had minimal effect on DNA polymerase  $\alpha\,$ 

activity)

RN 495384-92-4 CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 12 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 26 Jul 2002

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:555629 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:125359

TITLE:

Preparation of nucleoside derivatives as inhibitors of

RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase

INVENTOR(S): Carroll, Steven S.; Lafemina, Robert L.; Hall, Dawn

L.; Himmelberger, Amy L.; Kuo, Lawrence C.; Maccoss,

Malcolm; Olsen, David B.; Rutkowski, Carrie A.; Tomassini, Joanne E.; An, Haoyun; Bhat, Balkrishen; Bhat, Neelima; Cook, Phillip Dan; Eldrup, Anne B.; Guinosso, Charles J.; Prhavc, Marija; Prakash, Thazha

Р.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Merck & Co., Inc., USA; Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 235 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

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			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE	E, K	ΚG,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK	, LR,	LS,	
			LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MV	I, M	ΛX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM	, PH,	PL,	
			PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SI	, T	IJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT	, TZ,	UA,	
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:125359

The present invention provides the preparation of nucleoside compds. I, wherein B is nucleobase, Y is H, alkylcarbonyl, phosphate; R1 is H, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkyl; R2 and R3 are independently H, OH, halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyloxy, alkylthio, alkylcarbonyloxy, aryloxycrbonyl, azido, amino, alkylamino; R1 and R2 together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a 3- to 6-membered heterocycle; R4 is H, OH, SH, NH2, alkylamino, cycloalkylamino, halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, CF3; R5 and R6 are independently H, hydroxymethyl, Me, fluoromethyl; and certain derivs. thereof which are inhibitors of RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase. These compds. are inhibitors of RNA-dependent RNA viral replication and are useful for the treatment of RNA-dependent RNA viral infection. They are

particularly useful as inhibitors of hepatitis C virus (HCV) NS5B polymerase, as inhibitors of HCV replication, and/or for the treatment of hepatitis C infection. The invention also describes pharmaceutical compns. containing such nucleoside compds. alone or in combination with other agents active against RNA-dependent RNA viral infection, in particular HCV infection. Also disclosed are methods of inhibiting RNA-dependent RNA polymerase, inhibiting RNA-dependent RNA viral replication, and/or treating RNA-dependent RNA viral infection with the nucleoside compds. of the present invention. Thus, 4-amino-1-(2-C-methyl-β-Dribofuranosyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine was prepared as inhibitors of RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase. Representative compds. tested in the HCV NS5B polymerase assay exhibited IC's less than 100  $\mu M$ . The compds. of the present invention were also evaluated for their ability to affect the replication of Hepatitis C Virus RNA in cultured hepatoma (HuH-7) cells containing a sub-genomic HCV Replicon.

IT 444020-88-6P

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of nucleoside derivs. as inhibitors of RNA-dependent human RNA viral polymerase)

· ∪ ≟RN 444020-88-6 CAPLUS

5'-Adenylic acid, 8-amino-2'-C-methyl-, bis[[[(1-CN methylethoxy)carbonyl]oxy]methyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 13 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on SEN ٨

ED Entered STN: 19 Feb 2002

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:127033 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:386341

2'-Ethynyl-DNA: synthesis and pairing properties TITLE:

Buff, Rolf; Hunziker, Jurg AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University

of Bern, Bern, CH-3012, Switz.

SOURCE:

Helvetica Chimica Acta (2002), 85(1), 224-254

CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X PUBLISHER: Verlag Helvetica Chimica Acta

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE:

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:386341

2-Ethynyl-DNA was developed as a potential DNA-selective oligonucleotide analog. The synthesis of 2'-arabino-ethynyl-modified nucleosides was achieved starting from properly protected 2'-ketonucleosides by addition of lithium (trimethylsilyl)acetylide followed by reduction of the tertiary alc. After a series of protecting-group manipulations, phosphoramidite building blocks suitable for solid-phase synthesis were obtained. The synthesis of oligonucleotides from these building blocks was successful when a fast

deprotection scheme was used. The pairing properties of 2'-arabino-ethynyl-modified oligonucleotides can be summarized as follows: The 2'-arabino-ethynyl modification of pyrimidine nucleosides leads to a strong destabilization in duplexes with DNA as well as with RNA. likely reason is that the ethynyl group sterically influences the torsional preferences around the glycosidic bond leading to a conformation not suitable for duplex formation. If the modification is introduced in purine nucleosides, no such influence is observed The pairing properties are not or only slightly changed, and, in some cases (deoxyadenosine homo-polymers), the desired stabilization of the pairing with a DNA complementary strand and destabilization with an RNA complement is observed In oligonucleotides of alternating deoxycytidine-deoxyguanosine sequence, the incorporation of 2'-arabinoethynyl deoxyguanosine surprisingly leads to the formation of a left-handed double helix, irresp. of salt concentration The rationalization for this behavior is that the ethynyl group locks such duplexes in a left-handed conformation through steric blockade.

IT 424822-78-6P

RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of 2'-Ethynyl-DNA to be used in the synthesis and pairing properties of DNA and RNA duplexes)

Redo

RN 424822-78-6 CAPLUS

CN 
$$\beta$$
-D-arabino-Guanosine,  $2'$ -deoxy-2'-ethynyl- $\beta$ -D-arabino-cytidylyl- $(3'\rightarrow5')$ -2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl- $\beta$ -D-arabino-guanylyl- $(3'\rightarrow5')$ -2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl- $\beta$ -D-arabino-cytidylyl- $(3'\rightarrow5')$ -2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl- $\beta$ -D-arabino-guanylyl- $(3'\rightarrow5')$ -2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl- $\beta$ -D-arabino-cytidylyl- $(3'\rightarrow5')$ -2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl- $(3'\rightarrow5')$ -2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl- $(9CI)$  (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 14 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 07 Dec 2001

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001

2001:886155 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:590

TITLE:

Methods and compositions using modified nucleosides

for treating flaviviruses and pestiviruses

INVENTOR(S):

Sommadossi, Jean-Pierre; Lacolla, Paolo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Novirio Pharmaceuticals Limited, Cayman I.; Universita

Degli Studi Di Cagliari

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 302 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIN	D	DATE		2	APPL:	ICAT:		DATE				
WO 2001092282					A2	-	2001	1206	1	WO 2	001-	US16	687		2	0010	523
WO	2001	0922	82		A3		2002	0502									
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,

CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,

GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG CA 2410579 AA 20011206 CA 2001-2410579 20010523 EP 1294735 A2 20030326 EP 2001-952131 20010523 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR US 2001-863816 US 2003<del>0604</del>00 **A1** 20030327 20010523 U**8 681**2219 **B2** 20041102 BR` <del>2001</del>011196 20040406 BR 2001-11196 20010523 Α JP 2004510698 T2 20040408 JP 2002-500895 20010523 20030117 NO 2002-5600 NO 2002005600 Α 20021121 ZA 2002010112 Α 20040623 ZA 2002-10112 20021212 US 2003-602693 US 2004063622 A1 20040401 20030620 <del>2004097</del>462 US 2003-602692 US A1 20040520 20030620 us( 7101861 **B2** 20060905 US 2003-602694 บรั 2004102414 A1 20040527 20030620 US 7105493 B2 20060912 US` <del>2006166</del>865 **A1** 20060727 US 2003-602135 20030620 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-207674P Р 20000526 US 2001-283276P P 20010411 US 2001-863816 A3 20010523 WO 2001-US16687 20010523 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:590 A method and composition are provided for treating a host infected with flavivirus or pestivirus, comprising administering an effective amount of a 1', 2' or 3'-modified nucleoside or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.

374750-29-5

IT

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); BIOL (Biological study)

(nucleoside derivs. for treating flaviviruses and pestiviruses)

RN 374750-29-5 CAPLUS

CN Guanosine 5'-(tetrahydrogen triphosphate), 2'-C-methyl- (9CI) NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 15 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L5

Entered STN: 30 Nov 2001

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:868467 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:6296

TITLE:

Preparation of antiviral nucleosides and methods for

treating hepatitis C virus

INVENTOR (S):

Sommadossi, Jean-Pierre; Lacolla, Paulo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Novirio Pharmaceuticals Limited, Cayman I.; Universita

degli Studi di Cagliari PCT Int. Appl., 296 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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	WO 2	001				A2		2001			WO :	2001-	US16	671		2	0010	<del>,</del> 523			
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OTHER SOURCE(S): GI

MARPAT 136:6296

I

A method and composition for treating a host infected with hepatitis C AB comprising administering an effective hepatitis C treatment amount of a described 1'-, 2'- or 3'-modified nucleosides I, wherein : R1-R3 and R are. independently H, phosphate (including mono, di- or triphosphate and a stabilized phosphate prodrug); acyl; alkyl; sulfonate ester including alkyl or arylalkyl sulfonyl including methanesulfonyl and benzyl, wherein the Ph group is optionally substituted with one or more substituents as described in the definition of aryl given herein; a lipid, including a phospholipid; an amino acid; a carbohydrate; a peptide; a cholesterol; or other pharmaceutically acceptable leaving group which when administered in vivo is capable of providing a compound wherein R1-R3 are independently H or phosphate; Y is hydrogen, bromo, chloro, fluoro, iodo, OR4, NR4R5 or SR4; X1 and X2 are independently selected from the group consisting of H, straight chained, branched or cyclic alkyl, CO-alkyl, CO-aryl, CO-alkoxyalkyl, chloro, bromo, fluoro, iodo, OR4, NR4R5 or SR4; and R4 and R5 are independently hydrogen, acyl, alkyl.or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, is provided. Thus, I (R1-R3 = X1 = X2 = H, Y = NH2) was prepared and tested in Cynomolgus monkeys as antiviral agent. Oral bioavailability in monkeys, bone human bone marrow toxicity (IC50 > 10  $\mu M$ ), and mitochondrial toxicity, were reported .

TT .: 374750-29-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of antiviral nucleosides and methods for treating hepatitis C virus)

RN374750-29-5 CAPLUS

Guanosine 5'-(tetrahydrogen triphosphate), 2'-C-methyl- (9CI) CN NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L5 ANSWER 16 OF 20

Entered STN: 06 Apr 2001

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:247542 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:292059

Human RNase H and oligonucleotide compositions as TITLE:

substrates and for antisense therapy

INVENTOR(S): Crooke, Stanley T.; Lima, Walter F.; Wu, Hongjiang;

Manoharan, Muthiah

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 178 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
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                         KIND
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                                20010405
                                            WO 2000-US26729
                                                                    20000929
     WO 2001023613
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         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
             HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
             LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
             SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
             YU, ZA, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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                          A1
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                                20051207
     EP 1222309
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL
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                                            AT 2000-965513
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     US 2004102618
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 1999-409926
                                                                Al 19990930
                                            WO 2000-US26729
                                                                W 20000929
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AB A human Type 2 RNase H has been cloned, expressed, and purified to electrophoretic homogeneity. The human RNase H is expressed ubiquitously in all tissues and cell lines tested except the MCR-5 line. The enzyme cleaves RNA in an oligonucleotide/RNA duplex, and the sites of cleavage in the full RNA/DNA substrate and in gapmer/RNA duplexes (in which the oligonucleotide gapmer has a 5-deoxynucleotide gap) were determined The present invention provides oligonucleotides that can serve as substrates for human Type 2 RNase H and Escherichia coli RNase H1. These oligonucleotides are mixed sequence oligonucleotides comprising at least two portions, wherein a first portion is capable of supporting human RNase H1 cleavage of a complementary target RNA and a further portions which is not capable of supporting such cleavage. To better characterize the substrate specificity of human RNase H, duplexes in which the antisense oligonucleotide is modified in the 2'-position were synthesized. The present invention is also directed to methods of using these oligonucleotides in enhancing antisense oligonucleotide therapies. Oligonucleotides can be screened to identify those which are effective antisense agents by contacting human RNase H with an oligonucleotide and measuring binding of the oligonucleotide to the enzyme. Antisense oligonucleotides are identified specific for the cleavage and inhibition of expression of ICAM-1, Ha-ras, c-raf, and 5-lipoxygenase messages. IT 333336-27-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(human RNase H and oligonucleotide compns. as substrates and for antisense therapy)

RN 333336-27-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[9-[2-0-acetyl-5-0-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-3-0[[bis(1-methylethyl)amino](2-cyanoethoxy)phosphino]-2-C-methyl-β-Darabinofuranosyl]-9H-purin-6-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 1 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 17 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Entered STN: 16 Apr 1994

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:192164 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

120:192164

TITLE: Nucleosides and nucleotides. 120. Stereoselective

radical deoxygenation of tert-alcohols in the sugar

moiety of nucleosides: synthesis of

2',3'-dideoxy-2'-C-methyl- and -2'-C-ethynyl-β-Dthreo-pentofuranosyl pyrimidines and adenine as

potential antiviral and antitumor agents

AUTHOR (S): Kakefuda, Akio; Yoshimura, Yuichi; Sasaki, Takuma;

Matsuda, Akira

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Fac. Pharm. Sci., Hokkaido Univ., Sapporo, 060, Japan

SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1993), 49(38), 8513-28

CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Τ

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 120:192164

GI

HO

AB Radical deoxygenation of 2'-O-methoxalyl ester of the corresponding  $3'-deoxy-2'-C-methyl-\beta-D-threso-pentofuranosyl-pyrimidines$  and -adenine, which were readily obtd. from the reaction of 1-(3-deoxy-β-D-erythro-pentofuran-2-ulosyl)pyrimidines and adenine derivs. with MeMgBr, gave stereospecifically after deprotection the corresponding nucleosides, e.g. I (B = uracil, thymine, cytosine, adenine). Cytotoxicity, antitumor and anti-HIV activities of these nucleosides in vitro were described.

IT 109923-62-8P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 109923-62-8 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Purin-6-amine, 9-(3-deoxy-2-C-methyl- $\beta$ -D-threo-pentofuranosyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

# Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 18 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 17 Feb 1989

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:57989 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:57989

TITLE: The synthesis of C-methyl branched-chain deoxy sugar

nucleosides by the deoxygenative methylation of

O-tosylated adenosines with Grignard reagents

Kawana, Masajiro; Takeuchi, Kikuko; Ohba, Takayo;

AUTHOR(S): Kawana, Masajiro; T Kuzuhara, Hiroyoshi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Phys. Chem. Res., RIKEN, Wako, 351-01, Japan

SOURCE: Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Japan (1988),

61(7), 2437-42

CODEN: BCSJA8; ISSN: 0009-2673

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 110:57989

GI

## \* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Title 3'-C-Me nucleoside I was prepared from 2'-O-tosyladenosines II [Ts = tosyl; R1 = H, 4,4'-dimethoxytrityl (DMTr), R2 = DMTr; R1 = trityl, R2 = H] by treatment with MeMgBr or MeMgI, followed by deblocking.
3'-O-Tosyladenosines III (R1 = H, DMTr; R2 = DMTr) were treated with MeMgBr or MeMgI and then deblocked to give epimeric mixts. of 2'-C-Me nucleosides IV and V.

IT 109923-62-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and methanolysis of)

RN 109923-62-8 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Purin-6-amine, 9-(3-deoxy-2-C-methyl-β-D-threo-pentofuranosyl)(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 19 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L5

Entered STN: 11 Jun 1988

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:204976 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:204976

TITLE: . Conformational studies of 3'-C-methyl and 2'-C-methyl

analogs of cordycepin

Koole, L. H.; Buck, H. M.; Bazin, H.; Chattopadhyaya, AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Org. Chem., Eindhoven Univ. Technol., Eindhoven,

5600 MB, Neth.

Tetrahedron (1987), 43(13), 2989-97 CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4<del>020</del> SOURCE:

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 108:204976

GI

A high resolution 1H NMR conformational anal. study of a 3'-C-Me (I) and a AB 2'-C-Me (II) analog of cordycepin, a naturally occurring antibiotic, was performed. For I the Me group on C-3', leads to an entirely different mol. conformation, which is determined primarily by a strong intramol. hydrogen bond between O-5' and N-3 of the syn-oriented adenine base. This particular conformation results in very unusual broadening of the H-5'' resonances in the case of CDCl3 as solvent. The synthesis of II via a regiospecific Grignard-type reaction is described. Conformational anal. of II revealed that the Me group on C-2' shifts the conformational equilibrium of the furanose ring towards south form.

ΙT 109923-62-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and NMR conformational anal. of)

RN 109923-62-8 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Purin-6-amine, 9-(3-deoxy-2-C-methyl- $\beta$ -D-threo-pentofuranosyl)-

(CA INDEX NAME)

# Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 20 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 19 Sep 1987

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:497040 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:97040

TITLE: The deoxygenations of tosylated adenosine derivatives

with Grignard reagents with Grignard reagents

AUTHOR(S): Kawana, Masajiro; Takeuchi, Kikuko; Ohba, Takayo;

Kuzuhara, Hiroyoshi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Riken, Saitama, 351-01, Japan

SOURCE: Nucleic Acids Symposium Series (1986), 17 (Symp.

Nucleic Acids Chem., 14th, 1986), 37-40

GODEN: NACSD8; ISSN: 0261-3166

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 107:97040

AB The reactions of 2'-O- or 3'-O-tosylated adenosines with Grignard reagents resulted in the formation of various products, which were deoxy or branched-chain deoxy sugar nucleosides, 1',2'-unsatd. nucleosides, 3'-deoxy-2'-keto sugar nucleosides, and so on. The convenient method for the synthesis of the 3'-deoxy-2'-keto adenine nucleoside is described.

IT 109923-62-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 109923-62-8 CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

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                 and display fields
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        JUN 28
                Price changes in full-text patent databases EPFULL and PCTFULL
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NEWS 13 JUl 14 FSTA enhanced with Japanese patents
        JUl 19
NEWS 14
                Coverage of Research Disclosure reinstated in DWPI
NEWS 15 AUG 09 INSPEC enhanced with 1898-1968 archive
NEWS 16 AUG 28 ADISCTI Reloaded and Enhanced
NEWS 17 AUG 30
                CA(SM)/CAplus(SM) Austrian patent law changes
NEWS 18 SEP 11
                CA/CAplus enhanced with more pre-1907 records
NEWS 19 SEP 21
                CA/CAplus fields enhanced with simultaneous left and right
                truncation
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8 ITERATIONS

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PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 8 TO 329 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 2 TO 124

L2 2 SEA SSS SAM L1

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L2 2 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

IN Uridine, 2'-deoxy-2'-(trifluoromethyl) - (9CI)

MF C10 H11 F3 N2 O5

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

### \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):1

L2 2 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN Uridine, 5-methyl-2'-C-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) MF C11 H13 F3 N2 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.

## \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

### ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED

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100.0% PROCESSED 117 ITERATIONS 20 ANSWERS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

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L2 2 S L1 SSS SAM

L3 20 S L1 SSS FULL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:43:24 ON 25 SEP 2006

=> s 13

12 L3 L4

=> d l4 ed ibib abs hitstr 1-12

ANSWER 1 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Entered STN: 29 Aug 2005

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:921262 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:422567

TITLE:

Synthesis of 2'-C-Difluoromethylribonucleosides and Their Enzymic Incorporation into Oligonucleotides

AUTHOR (S): Ye, Jing-Dong; Liao, Xiangmin; Piccirilli, Joseph A. Howard Hughes Medical Institute, Departments of CORPORATE SOURCE:

Biochemistry & Molecular Biology and Chemistry,

University of Chicago, Chicago, IL, 60637, USA

Journal of Organic Chemistry (2005), 70(20), 7902-7910 SOURCE: CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

GΙ

Nucleosides bearing a branched ribose have significant promise as AB therapeutic agents and bio-technol. and biochem. tools. Here we describe synthetic entry into a new subclass of these analogs,  $2'-C-\beta$ difluoromethylribonucleosides. We constructed the glycosylating agent I in three steps from 1,3,5-tri-O-benzoyl- $\alpha$ -D-ribofuranose. The key steps included nucleophilic addition of difluoromethyl Ph sulfone to 2-keto-ribose followed by mild and efficient reductive de-sulfonation. Ribofuranose I glycosylated bis(trimethylsilyl)uracil directly, giving difluoromethyluridine II efficiently after deprotection. Conversion of I to the corresponding ribofuranosyl bromide allowed efficient access to C, A, and G analogs. A related approach starting from Me D-ribofuranose offered synthetic entry into the diastereomeric manifold,  $2'-C-\alpha$ -difluoromethyl-arabino- $\alpha$ -pyrimidine. To incorporate  $2'-C-\beta$ -difluoromethyluridine into an oligodeoxyribonucleotide we converted II to the bis-phosphate and carried out successive ligation reactions using T4 RNA ligase and T4 DNA ligase. Analogous to natural RNA linkages, the resulting oligonucleotide undergoes hydroxide-catalyzed backbone scission at the difluoromethyluridine residue via internal trans-phosphorylation.

IT 867287-43-2P 867287-57-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis of difluoromethylribonucleosides and their enzymic incorporation into oligonucleotides)

RN 867287-43-2 CAPLUS

CN Uridine, 2'-C-(difluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 867287-57-8 CAPLUS

CN Cytidine, 2'-C-(difluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 867287-79-4P 867287-80-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis of difluoromethylribonucleosides and their enzymic

incorporation into oligonucleotides)

RN 867287-79-4 CAPLUS

2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[2-C-(difluoromethyl)- $\alpha$ -D-CN

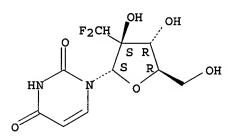
arabinofuranosyl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

867287-80-7 CAPLUS RN

2,4(1H,3H)-Pyrimidinedione, 1-[2-C-(difluoromethyl)- $\alpha$ -D-CN arabinofuranosyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 52 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 52 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4ANSWER 2 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered &TN: 02 Jan 2004

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:2898 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:42424

TITLE: Preparation of nucleoside derivatives as inhibitors of

RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase

INVENTOR (S): Carroll, Steven S.; Olsen, David B.; Durette, Philippe

L.; Bhat, Balkrishen; Dande, Prasad; Eldrup, Anne B.

Merck & Co., Inc., USA; Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_\_\_\_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_\_\_\_\_ ----------∕WO 2004000858 A2 20031231 WO 2003-US19172 20030617 WO 2004000858 **A3** 20050512 AE, NG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UĠ, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG CA 2488534 AΆ 20031231 CA 2003-2488534 20030617 AU 2003269890 A1 20040106 AU 2003-269890 20030617 **A2** 20050713 EP 2003-751777 EP 1551421 20030617 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

20030617

20020621

W 20030617

IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK ጀ0051013 JP 2005530843 T2 JP 2004-515870 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-390579P

OTHER SOURCE(S): GI

MARPAT 140:42424

WO 2003-US19172

The present invention provides nucleoside compds. I, wherein B is AB nucleobase; R1 is fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl; R2 is H, F, amino, OH, SH, alkoxy, alkylcarbonyloxy, alkyl; R3 and R4 are independently H, Cn, N3, halogen, OH, SH, amino, alkoxy, alkylcarconyloxy, alkenyl, alkynyl; R5 is H, alkylcarbonyl, P3O9H4, P2O6H3, phosphophonyl; R6 and R7 independently H, Me, hydroxymethyl, fluoromethyl; and certain derivs. thereof which are inhibitors of RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase. These compds. are inhibitors of RNA-dependent RNA viral replication and are useful for the treatment of RNA-dependent RNA viral infection. They are particularly useful as inhibitors of hepatitis C virus (HCV) NS5B polymerase, as inhibitors of HCV replication, and/or for the treatment of hepatitis C infection. The invention also describes pharmaceutical compns. containing such nucleoside compds. alone or in combination with other agents active against RNA-dependent RNA viral infection, in particular HCV infection. Also disclosed are methods of inhibiting RNA-dependent RNA polymerase, inhibiting RNA-dependent RNA viral replication, and/or treating RNA-dependent RNA viral infection with the nucleoside compds. of the present invention. Thus, 2-amino-9-(2-C-fluoromethyl-β-D-ribofuranosyl)-3,9-dihydropurin-6-one was prepared and tested as inhibitor of RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase. Title compds. tested in the HCV NS5B polymerase assay exhibited IC50's

less than 100 µmol.

IT 510765-51-2P 636581-91-4P 636581-92-5P
636581-93-6P
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
(Uses)
(preparation of nucleoside derivs. as inhibitors of RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase)

RN 510765-51-2 CAPLUS
Uridine, 2'-C-(fluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 636581-91-4 CAPLUS CN Cytidine, 2'-C-(fluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 636581-92-5 CAPLUS CN Cytidine, 2'-C-(fluoromethyl)-5-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 636581-93-6 CAPLUS CN Uridine, 2'-C-(fluoromethyl)-5-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: (29 Jun 2003)

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:491895 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:323734

TITLE: Synthesis and antiviral evaluation of

2'-deoxy-2'-C-trifluoromethyl β-D-ribonucleoside

analogues bearing the five naturally occurring nucleic

acid bases

AUTHOR(S): Jeannot, Frederic; Gosselin, Gilles; Mathe, Christophe

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Chimie Organique Biomoleculaire de

Synthese, UMR 5625 CNRS-Universite Montpellier II,

Montpellier, 34095, Fr.

SOURCE: Organic & Biomolecular Chemistry (2003), 1(12),

2096-2102

CODEN: OBCRAK; ISSN: 1477-0520

PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 139:323734

AB 2'-Deoxy-2'-C-trifluoromethyl- $\beta$ -D-ribonucleoside derivs. bearing the five naturally occurring acid bases have been synthesized. All these derivs. were prepared by glycosylation reactions of purine and pyrimidine bases with a suitable peracylated 2-deoxy-2-C-trifluoromethyl sugar precursor to afford anomeric mixts. of protected nucleosides. After separation and deprotection, the resulting  $\beta$ -nucleoside analogs were tested for

their activity against HIV, HBV and several RNA viruses. However, none of these compds. showed significant antiviral activity nor cytotoxicity.

IT 159312-37-5P 614735-32-9P 614735-33-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis and antiviral evaluation of deoxy-C-trifluoromethyl-β-D-ribonucleoside analogs bearing the five naturally occurring nucleic

acid bases)

RN 159312-37-5 CAPLUS

CN Uridine, 2'-deoxy-5-methyl-2'-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

May Mans

614735-32-9 CAPLUS RN

Uridine, 2'-deoxy-2'-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

614735-33-0 CAPLUS RN

CN Cytidine, 2'-deoxy-2'-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

REFERENCE COUNT:

19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4ANSWER 4 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Entered STN: 1/4 Feb 2003 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:114368 CAPLUS

138:304462 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Synthesis of 2'-C- $\beta$ -Fluoromethyluridine

Dai, Qing; Piccirilli, Joseph A. AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: Howard Hughes Medical Institute, Department of

Biochemistry & Molecular Biology, Department of Chemistry, The University of Chicago, Chicago, IL,

60637, USA

Organic Letters (2003), 5(6), 807-810 SOURCE:

CODEN: ORLEF7; ISSN: 1523-7060

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

English LANGUAGE:

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:304462

 $2'-C-\beta$ -Fluoromethyluridine represents both a potentially important biol. agent and a tool for biochem. anal. Here the authors describe the first synthesis of this compound starting from uridine. The key steps include protection of the uracil base with methoxyethoxymethyl (MEM) chloride, conversion to the corresponding 2'-C- $\alpha$ -epoxide, and regioselective opening of the oxirane ring with potassium fluoride/hydrogen fluoride. Subsequent acetylation of the 3'- and 5'-hydroxyl groups enables MEM removal using B-bromocatecholborane. Deacetylation generates the parent nucleoside, 2'-C-βfluoromethyluridine.

IT 510765-51-2P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of C-β-fluoromethyluridine from uridine via uracil

protection with MEM, epoxidn. and regioselective ring opening)

RN 510765-51-2 CAPLUS

CN Uridine, 2'-C-(fluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:323128 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:140718

TITLE:

New method for the preparation of 3'- and

2'-O-phosphoramidites of 2'- and 3'-difluoromethyluridine derivatives

AUTHOR (S):

Serafinowski, Pawel J.; Brown, Catherine A.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

CRC Centre for Cancer Therapeutics at the Institute of

Cancer Research, Surrey, SM2 5NG, UK

SOURCE:

Nucleosides, Nucleotides & Nucleic Acids (2002),

21(1), 1-13

CODEN: NNNAFY; ISSN: 1525-7770 Marcel Dekker, Inc.

PUBLISHER: Marcel D
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:140718

AB Hydrogenation of 2'-deoxy-2'-difluoromethylene-5'-O-dimethoxytrityluridine and 3'-deoxy-3'-difluoromethylene-5'-O-dimethoxytrityluridine, gave the corresponding 2'- and 3'-difluoromethyluridine derivs (I). Detritylation of I resulted in the formation of 1-(2-deoxy-2-C-difluoromethyl-β-D-arabino-pentofuranosyl)uracil and 1-(3-deoxy-3-C-difluoromethyl-β-D-xylo-pentofuranosyl)- uracil as well as corresponding minor ribo- isomers. 1-(2-Deoxy-2-C-difluoromethyl-β-D-arabino-pentofuranosyl)uracil and its ribo- isomer were also obtained from 2'-deoxy-2'-difluoromethylene-3',5'-O-(tetraisopropyldisiloxane-1,3-diyl)uridine. Finally, phosphitylation of deoxy-difluoromethyl-dimethyoxy-trityl-pentofuranosyl uracil provided the title 2'- and 3'-O-phosphoramidites.

IT 349654-62-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of 3'- and 2'-O-phosphoramidites of 2'- and

3'-difluoromethyluridine derivs. via hydrogenation and phosphitylation of uracil derivs. as key steps)

RN 349654-62-2 CAPLUS

CN 2,4(1H,3H)-Pyrimidinedione, 1-[2-deoxy-2-(difluoromethyl)- $\beta$ -D-arabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

IT 444811-82-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of 3'- and 2'-O-phosphoramidites of 2'- and

3'-difluoromethyluridine derivs. via hydrogenation and phosphitylation of uracil derivs. as key steps)

RN 444811-82-9 CAPLUS

CN Uridine, 2'-deoxy-2'-(difluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN. ED Entered STN: (14 Sep 2001) ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:675066 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Synthesis of some 2'- and 3'-fluoroalkyl substituted

nucleosides and oligonucleotides

AUTHOR(S): Serafinowski, Pawel J.; Brown, Catherine A.; Barnes,

Colin L.

<del>136</del>:37846

CORPORATE SOURCE: CRC Centre for Cancer Therapeutics, Institute of

Cancer Research, Surrey, SM2 5NG, UK

SOURCE: Nucleosides, Nucleotides & Nucleic Acids (2001),

20(4-7), 921-925 CODEN: NNNAFY; ISSN: 1525-7770

PUBLISHER: Marcel Dekker, Inc.

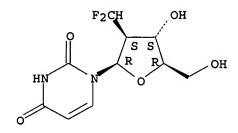
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:37846

AB The 2'- and 3'-fluoroalkyl substituted nucleosides were prepared by hydrogenation of 2'-deoxy-2'-difluoromethylene-5'-O-dimethoxytrityluridine and 3'-deoxy-3'-difluoromethylene-5'-O-dimethoxytrityluridine, followed by detritylation, which gave two pairs of diastereoisomers (threo/erythro) each. Phosphitylation of prepared compds. furnished the corresponding 2'-and 3'-O-phosphoramidites. Reaction of 2'-deoxy-2'-difluoromethylene-5'-O-dimethoxytrityl-3'-O-trimethylsilylethoxymethyluridine and 3'-deoxy-3'-difluoromethylene-5'-O-dimethoxytrityl-2'-O-trimethylsilylethoxymethyluridine with tetrabutylammonium fluoride, resulted in fluorination at the unsatd. difluoromethylene carbon with loss of the trimethylsilylethoxymethyl group and formation of 2',3'-didehydro-2',3'-dideoxy-5'-O-dimethoxytrityl-2'-

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 20 May 2001

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:362036 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:107541

TITLE: Synthesis of 3'-deoxy-3'-difluoromethyluridine and

2'-deoxy-2'-difluoromethyluridine

AUTHOR(S): Marcotte, Stephane; Gerard, Baudoin; Pannecoucke,

Xavier; Feasson, Christian; Quirion, Jean-Charles

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire d'Heterochimie Organique associe au CNRS,

IRCOF, INSA et Universite de Rouen, Mont Saint-Aignan,

76821, Fr.

SOURCE: Synthesis (2001), (6), 929-933

CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881

PUBLISHER: Georg Thieme Verlag

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:107541

AB The synthesis of 3'-deoxy-3'-difluoromethyluridine and 2'-deoxy-2'-difluoromethyluridine by hydrogenation of the corresponding difluoromethylene derivs. is described. A second synthesis of the latter has been performed. Starting from thymidine, a two-step procedure affords the benzylated furanoid glycal. Addition of dibromodifluoromethane gives the  $\alpha$ -2'-deoxy-2'-bromodifluoromethylarabinose. This compound allowed an access to  $\alpha$ - or  $\beta$ -2'-deoxy-2'-difluoromethyluridine via a SN2 type reaction on a  $\alpha$ -halodeoxyarabinose species.

IT 349654-62-2P 349654-68-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (synthesis of 3-deoxy-3'-difluoromethyluridine and 2'-deoxy-2' difluoromethyluridine)

RN 349654-62-2 CAPLUS

CN 2,4(1H,3H)-Pyrimidinedione, 1-[2-deoxy-2-(difluoromethyl)- $\beta$ -D-arabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 349654-68-8 CAPLUS

2,4(1H,3H)-Pyrimidinedione, 1-[2-deoxy-2-(difluoromethyl)- $\alpha$ -D-CN arabinofuranosyl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 19 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4ANSWER 8 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Entered STN: (08 Mar 2001

2001:162325 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:296038

2'-C-Branched Ribonucleosides. 2. Synthesis of TITLE:

2'-C-β-Trifluoromethyl Pyrimidine Ribonucleosides

Li, Nan-Sheng; Tang, Xiao-Qing; Piccirilli, Joseph A. AUTHOR(S): Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry, The University of Chicago Howard Hughes Medical Institute, Chicago, IL, 60637,

USA

SOURCE: Organic Letters (2001), 3(7), 1025-1028

CODEN: ORLEF7; ISSN: 1523-7060

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

CASREACT 134:296038 OTHER SOURCE(S):

The first synthesis of  $2'-C-\beta$ -trifluoromethyl pyrimidine ribonucleosides is described. 1,2,3,5-Tetra-O-benzoyl-2-C-βtrifluoromethyl-α-D-ribofuranose is prepared from 1,3,5-tri-O-benzoyl-

 $\alpha$ -D-ribofuranose in three steps and converted to

3,5-di-O-benzoyl-2-C- $\beta$ -trifluoromethyl- $\alpha$ -D-1-ribofuranosyl

bromide (I). The 1-bromo derivative I is found to be a powerful reaction intermediate for the synthesis of ribonucleosides. The reaction of silylated pyrimidines with I in the presence of HgO/HgBr2 affords exclusively the  $\beta$ -anomers, which after deprotection with ammonia in

methanol yields the 2'-C-β-trifluoromethyl nucleosides.

IT 333996-73-9P 333996-74-0P 333996-75-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis of 2'-C-branched trifluoromethyl pyrimidine ribonucleosides)

RN 333996-73-9 CAPLUS

Cytidine, 2'-C-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 333996-74-0 CAPLUS

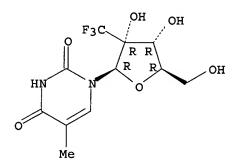
CN Uridine, 2'-C-(trifluoromethyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 333996-75-1 CAPLUS

CN Uridine, 5-methyl-2'-C-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT:

37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 12 CAPLUS CORYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 08 Nov 1994

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:128314 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

122:10468

TITLE:

Preparation of 2'-deoxy-2'-(S)-substituted

alkylcytidines as anticancer agents

INVENTOR (S):

Yoshimura, Juichi; Saito, Kazuko; Ashida, Noryuki;

Matsuda, Akira

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Yamasa Shoyu Kk, Japan; Yoshitomi Pharmaceutical

Industries, Ltd.

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06211890	A2	19940802	JP 1993-3532	19930112
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-3532	19930112
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	122:10468		

## \* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

The title compds. I (R1 = OH, NH2; R2 = OH, acyloxy, halo; R3 = H, AB phosphate residue) or their salts are prepared by epoxidn. of II (R1 = same as above; Z = protecting group) with S ylides via III (R1, Z = same as above) and IV (R1, R2, Z = same as above). IV (R1 = OH, R2 = F, Z =trityl) was deprotected and treated with 1,3-dichloro-1,1,3,3tetraisopropyldisiloxane in pyridine at room temperature overnight to give 59% 3',5'-di-0-tetraisopropyldisiloxyl-2'-fluoromethyl derivative The product was treated with methyloxalyl chloride and 4-dimethylaminopyridine in CH2Cl2 at room temperature overnight and the resulting crude product was refluxed with tributyltin hydride and AIBN in MePh for 2 h to afford tetraisopropyldisiloxyl-protected I (R1 = OH, R2 = F) (V). Amination and deprotection of V gave I (R1 = NH2, R2 = F, R3 = H), which inhibited cell growth of human leukemia cell at ID50 0.030 μg/mL. IT 152502-85-7P

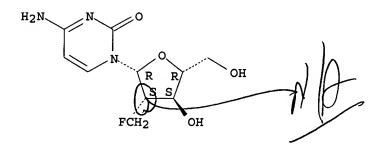
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(preparation of anticancer 2'-deoxy-2'-(S)-alkylcytidines by epoxidn. of protected ketouridines)

RN 152502-85-7 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[2-deoxy-2-(fluoromethyl)-β-Darabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 10 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 08 Nov 1994

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:66277 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:56380

TITLE: The effects of 2'- and 3'-alkyl substituents on

oligonucleotide hybridization and stability

AUTHOR(S): Schmit, Chantal; Bevierre, Marc-Olivier; De Mesmaeker,

Alain; Altmann, Karl-Heinz

CORPORATE SOURCE: Cent. Res. Lab., CIBA, Basel, CH-4002, Switz.

SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (1994),

4(16), 1969-74

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

The hybridization properties and nuclease resistance of 2'- and 3'-alkyl, AB -heteroalkyl, -alkenyl, and -aryl substituted oligodeoxyribonucleotides have been investigated. While such modified oligonucleotides generally exhibit reduced binding affinity for complementary RNA and DNA, a dramatic increase in stability against 3'-exonucleases was observed for certain 2'-substituents.

159312-36-4 159312-37-5 IT

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation, hybridization, and exonuclease stability of

oligodeoxyribonucleotides)

RN 159312-36-4 CAPLUS

Uridine, 2'-deoxy-2'-(fluoromethyl)-5-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 159312-37-5 CAPLUS

Uridine, 2'-deoxy-5-methyl-2'-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

ANSWER 11 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L4

ED Entered STN: 06 Aug 1994

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:449688 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:49688

TITLE: Synthesis of 1-(2-deoxy-2-C-fluoromethyl- $\beta$ -D-

arabinofuranosyl) cytosine as a potential

antineoplastic agent

AUTHOR (S): Yoshimura, Yuichi; Saitoh, Kazuko; Ashida, Noriyuki;

Sakata, Shinji

CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Dev. Div., Yamasa Corp., Choshi, 288, Japan

SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (1994), 4(5),

721-4

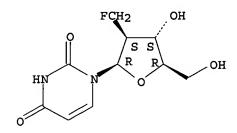
CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

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Journal

English LANGUAGE: 2'-β-Spiroepoxyuridine was obtained from the reaction between 2'-ketouridine and dimethylsulfoxonium methylide. The oxirane ring was cleaved by KFHF and the resulting tertiary hydroxyl group was removed by radical deoxygenation using the t-Me oxalyl-tributyltin hydride system to qive 2-deoxy-2-C-fluromethyl-1- $\beta$ -D-arabinofuranosyluracil derivative Finally, the uracil moiety was converted to a cytosine counterpart, followed by deprotection to yield the title compound 156179-26-9P RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation and antitumor activity of) RN 156179-26-9 CAPLUS 2,4(1H,3H)-Pyrimidinedione, 1-[2-deoxy-2-(fluoromethyl)-β-D-CN arabinofuranosyl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



ANSWER 12 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 1.4 Entered STN: 05 Mar 1994 1994:94931 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:94931 TITLE: Synthesis and biological activity of 1-(2-deoxy-2-C-fluoromethyl- and 2-Chydroxymethylarabinofuranosyl)-cytosines Yoshimura, Yuichi; Saitoh, Kazuko; Ashida, Noriyuki; AUTHOR (S): Sakata, Shinji; Sasaki, Takuma; Matsuda, Akira CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Dev. Div., Yamasa Corp., Choshi, 288, Japan Nucleic Acids Symposium Series (1993), 29 (Second SOURCE: International Symposium on Nucleic Acids Chemistry) CODEN: NACSD8; ISSN:, 0261-3166 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English The authors newly synthesized 1-12-deoxy-2-C-fluoromethyl- and 2-C-hydroxymethylarabinofuranosyll cytosines and evaluated their biol. activities. The syntheses of these compds. were achieved by radical deoxygenation of tert-alc. of 2'-position of the corresponding fluorohydrine and acetoxymethyl derivative 1-(2-Deoxy-2-C-

fluoromethylarabinofuranosyl)cytosine showed potent antileukemic and

anticytomegalovirus activities.
152502-85-7P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and antileukemic and virucidal activity of)
152502-85-7 CAPLUS
2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[2-deoxy-2-(fluoromethyl)-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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